



Predict-first integrated modeling of WEST long pulse operation with combined ECRH/ECCD and LHCD

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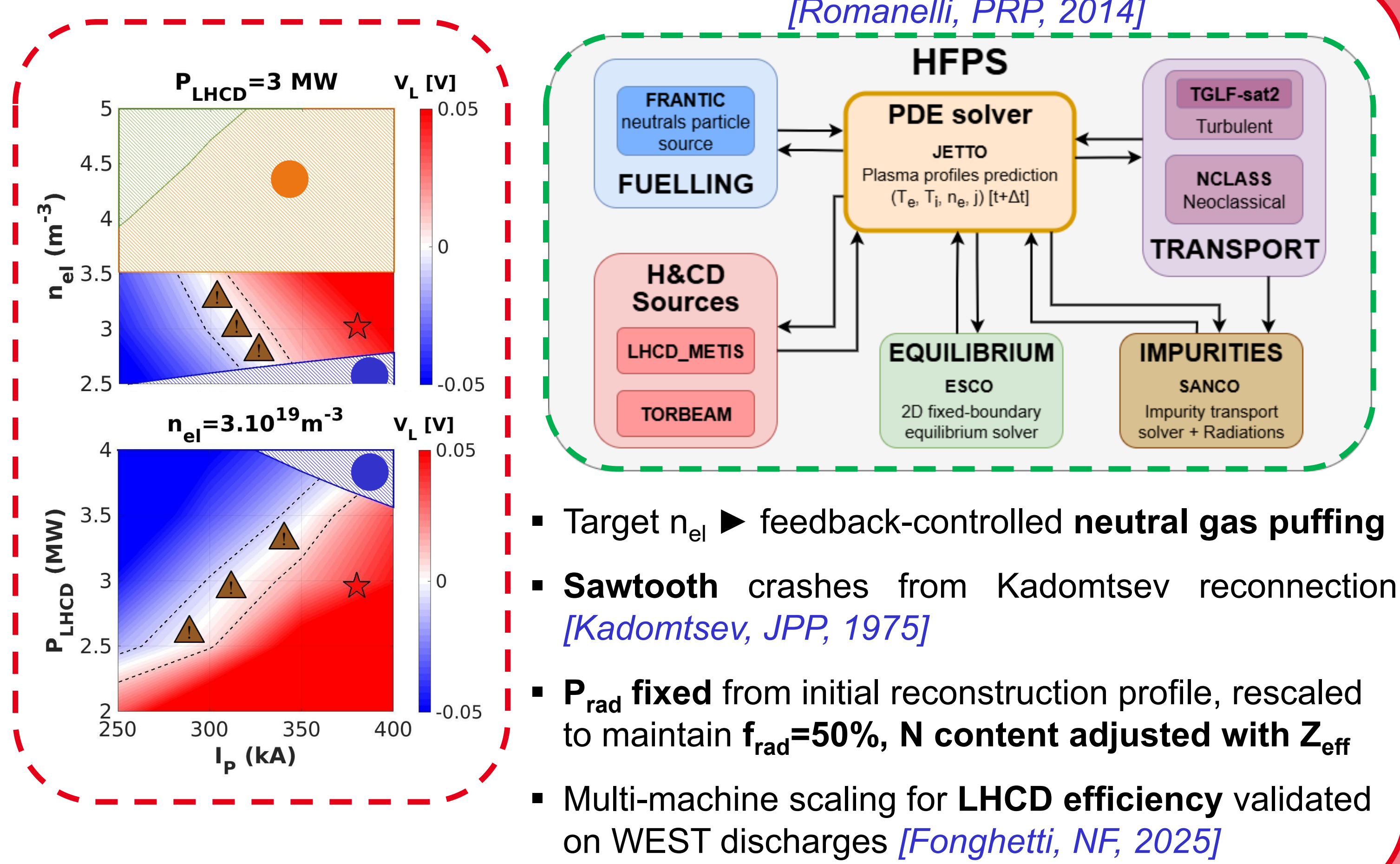


The WEST long pulse operational domain is highly constrained

- WEST can operate **20+ min long pulses** in a full-W environment ► Large non-inductive current provided by Lower-Hybrid Current Drive (LHCD) [Bucalossi, NF, 2026]
- These long pulses were designed based on **predict-first integrated modeling** (Fig.) [Fonghetti, NF, 2025] ► **non-inductive operational domain** (Fig.) **constrained by**:
 - Radiative collapses** at high density ► core radiation exceeds heating
 - Core q-profile reversal at low V_{loop} ► **tearing mode instabilities** ► disruption
 - LHCD-induced **suprathermal electron losses** ► overheating and safety limits

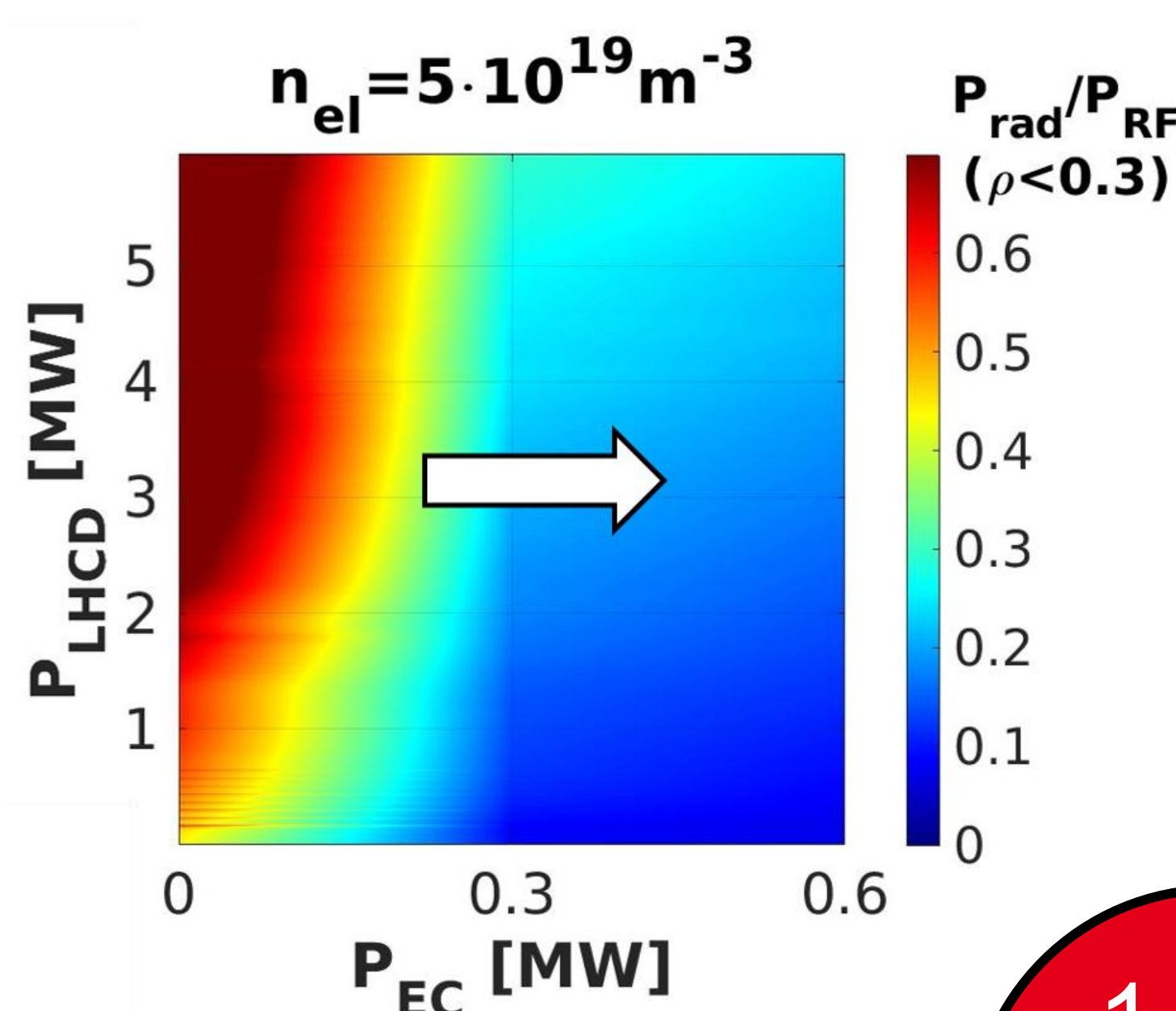
A New **3 MW/1000 s** Electron Cyclotron Resonance Heating (ECRH) is being installed [Delpech, FED, 2025]

How can ECRH and integrated modelling help investigate routes towards higher performance long pulses?



Improve core power balance ► radiative collapses

- Core W radiations dominate over LHCD heating at high density with LHCD-only [Morales, NF, 2025; Ostuni, NF, 2022]
- Injecting **on-axis ECRH** helps **burning-through W**
- Enables high-density operation** ► n & T_i ↑↑

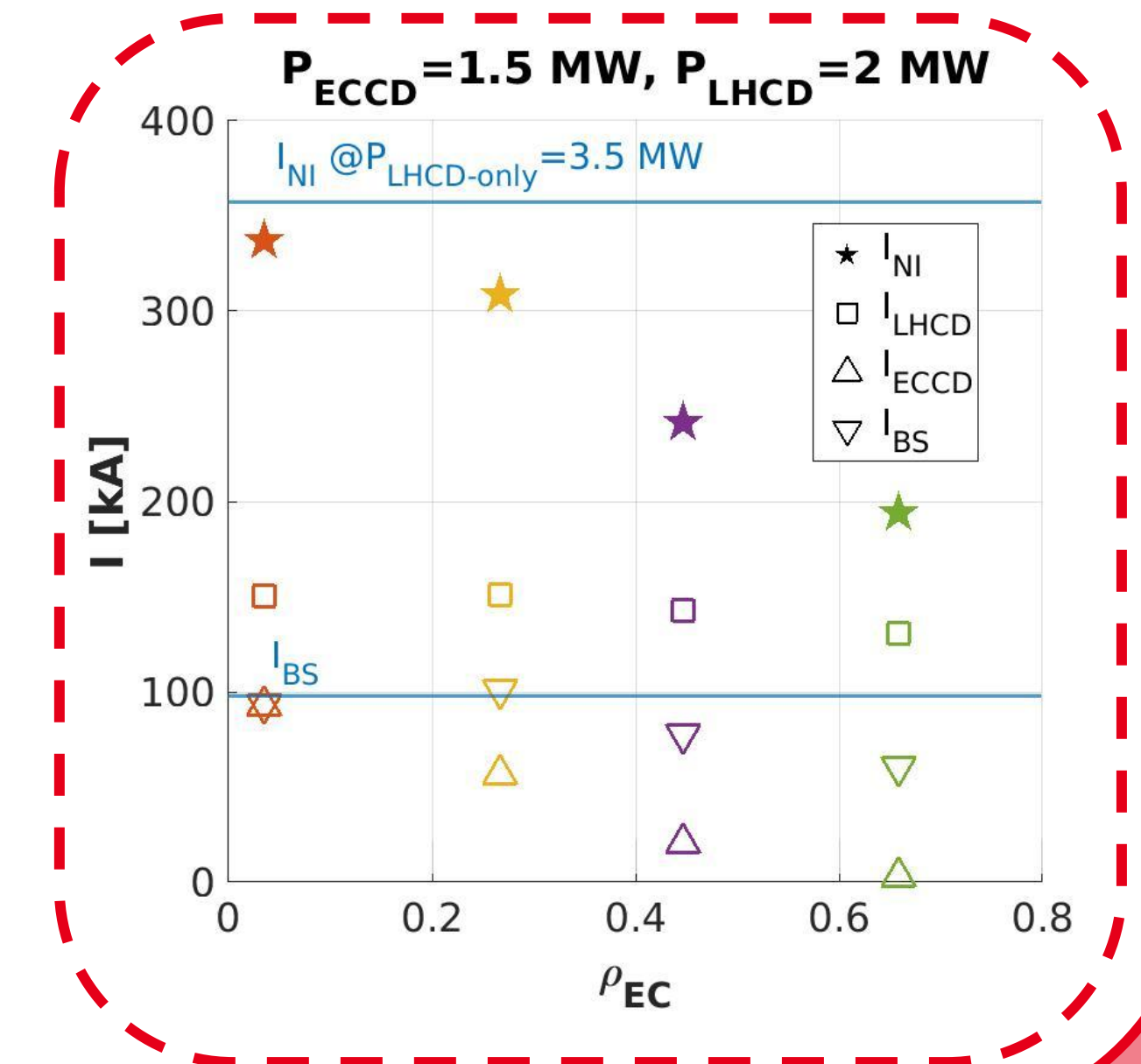
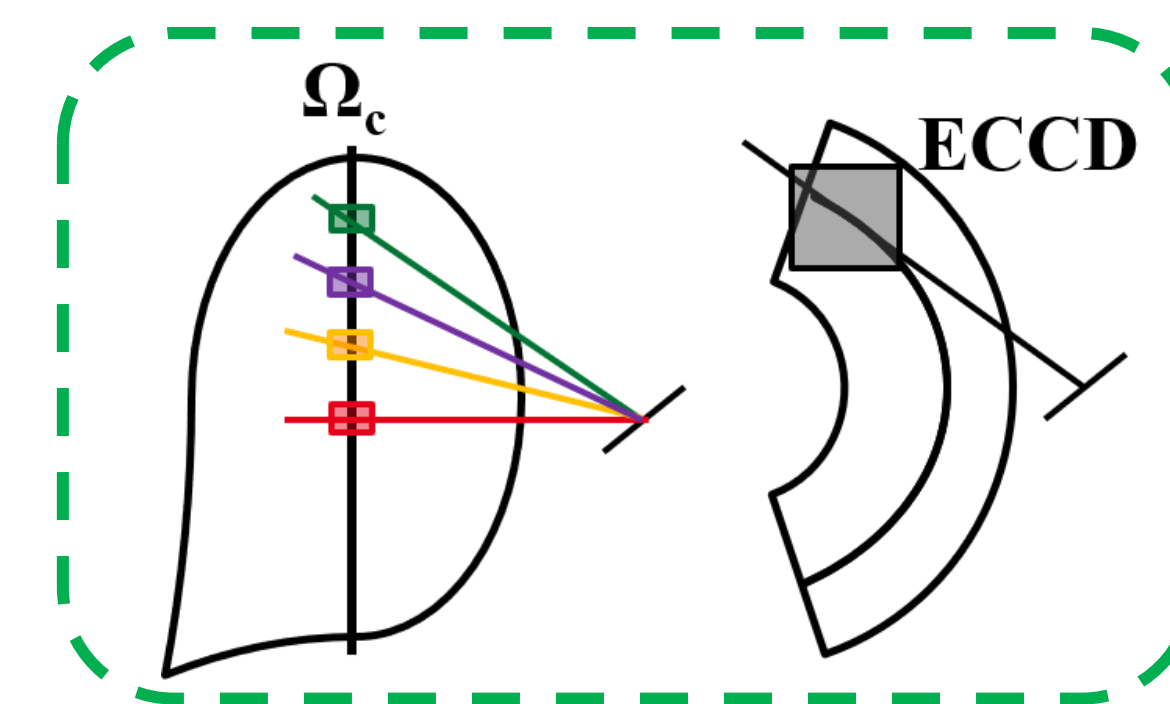


Maintain large non-inductive current

4 EC configurations ► toroidal angle optimized for CD, poloidal angle scanned (Fig) ► compared to LHCD-only at $P_{TOT}=3.5$ MW

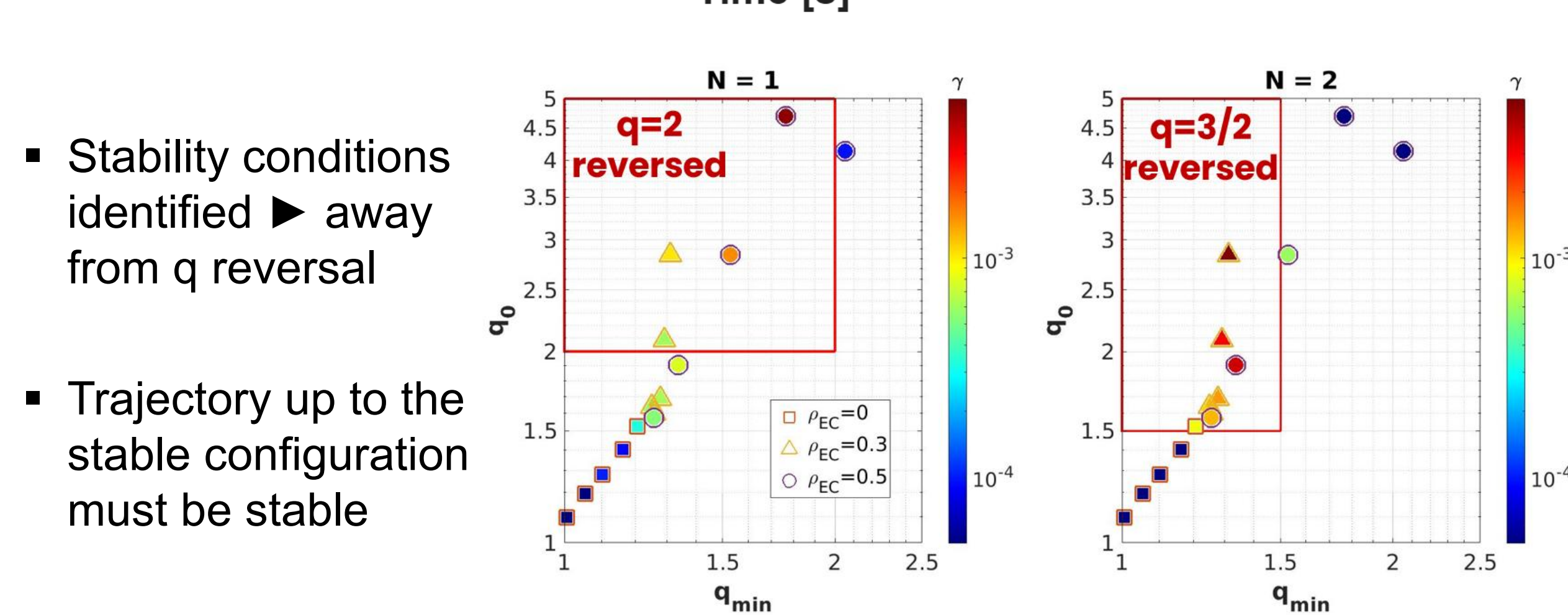
Similar non-inductive current than LHCD-only configuration with **on-axis ECCD** (Fig.):

- $I_{ECCD} \propto T_e(\rho_{EC})$ ► T_e larger on-axis
- $I_{BS} \propto \nabla_r p$ ► larger with on-axis ECCD



Ensure MHD stability

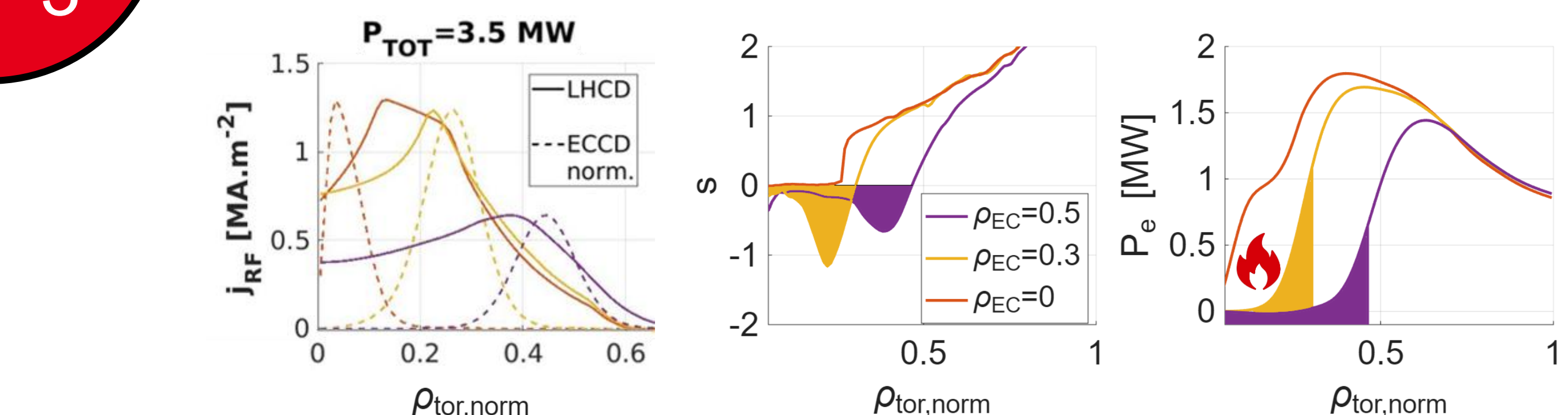
- HFPS ► ECCD off ► Relax towards 2 MW LHCD-only plasma conditions [Bondeson, PF, 1992]
- MARS linear resistive MHD modeling along the relaxation



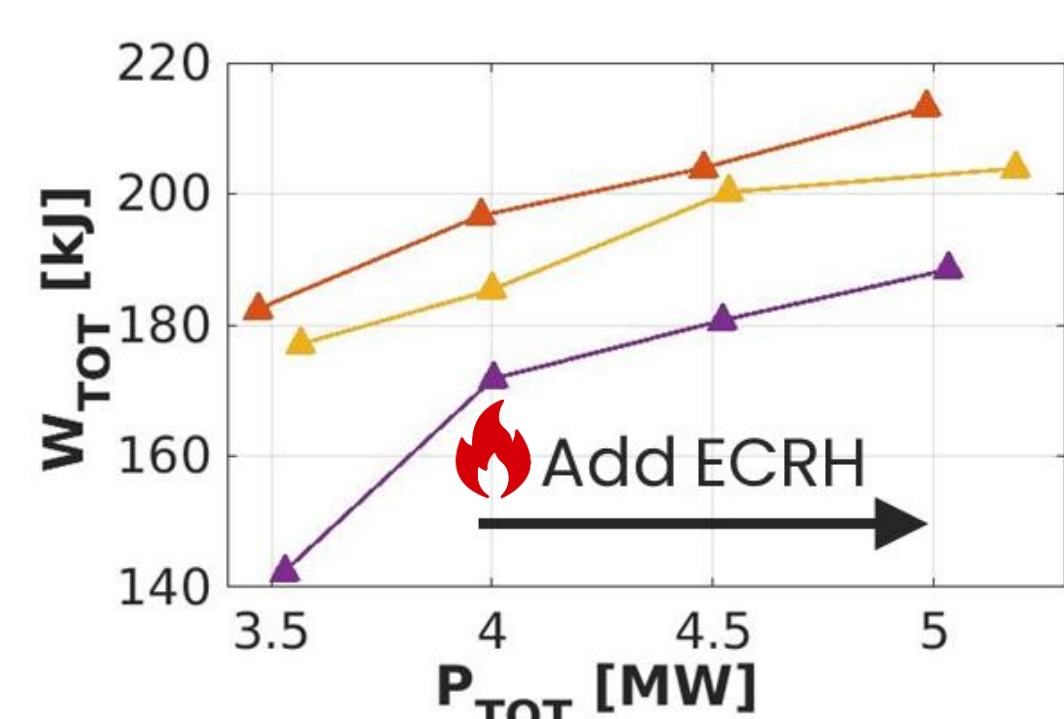
- Stability conditions identified ► away from q reversal
- Trajectory up to the stable configuration must be stable

From $P_{LHCD} = 2$ MW up to $P_{TOT} = 3.5$ MW, adding ECCD, the only stable configuration all along is the on-axis ECCD

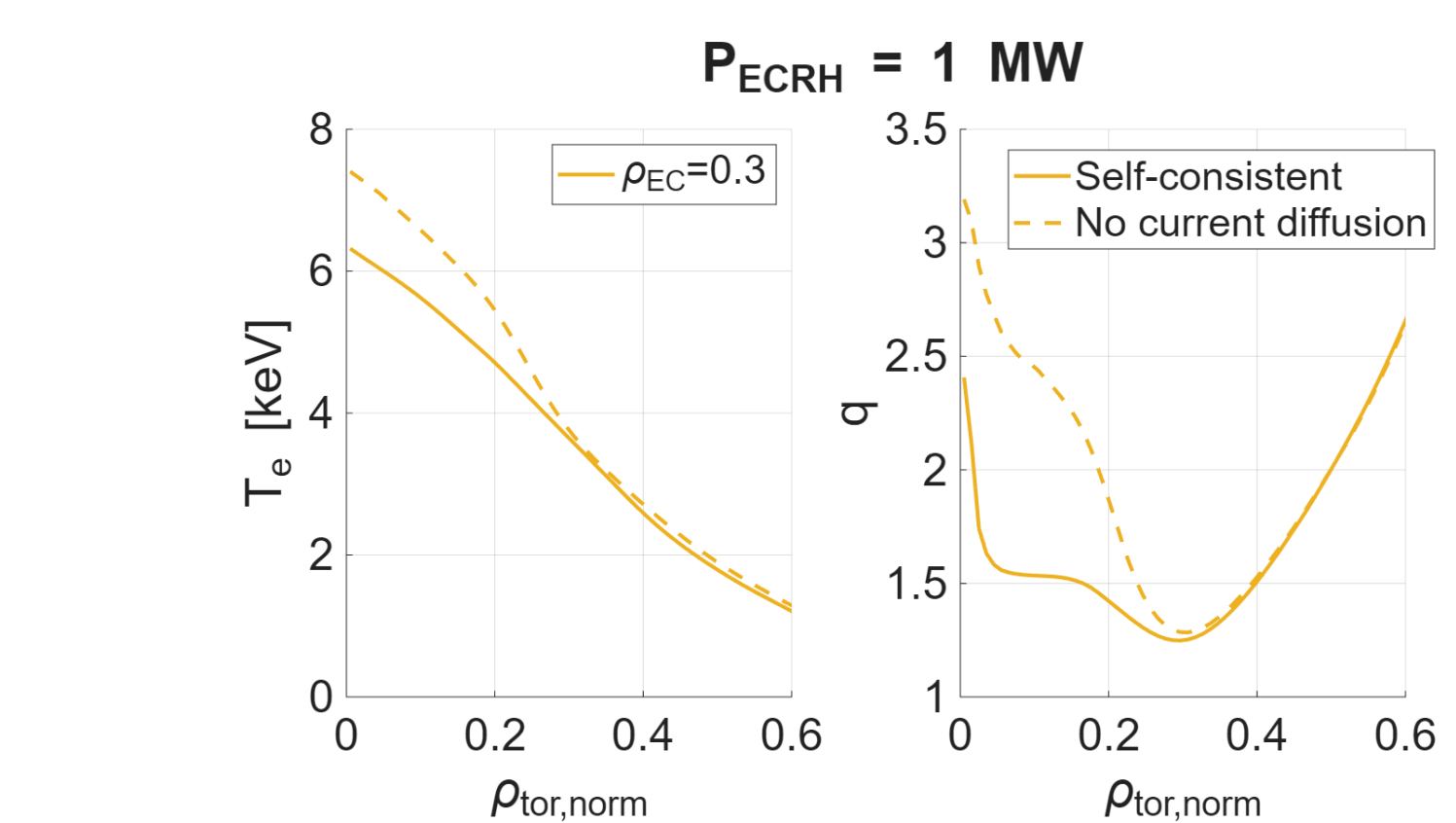
Improving confinement w/ reversed-shear is challenging



- ECCD steers LHCD [Choi, APS, 2024] ► q-profile tailoring ► Reversed-shear ($s<0$) ► stabilize turbulence
- Too low heating within $s<0$ region ► **Add on-axis ECRH on top ?** 🔥



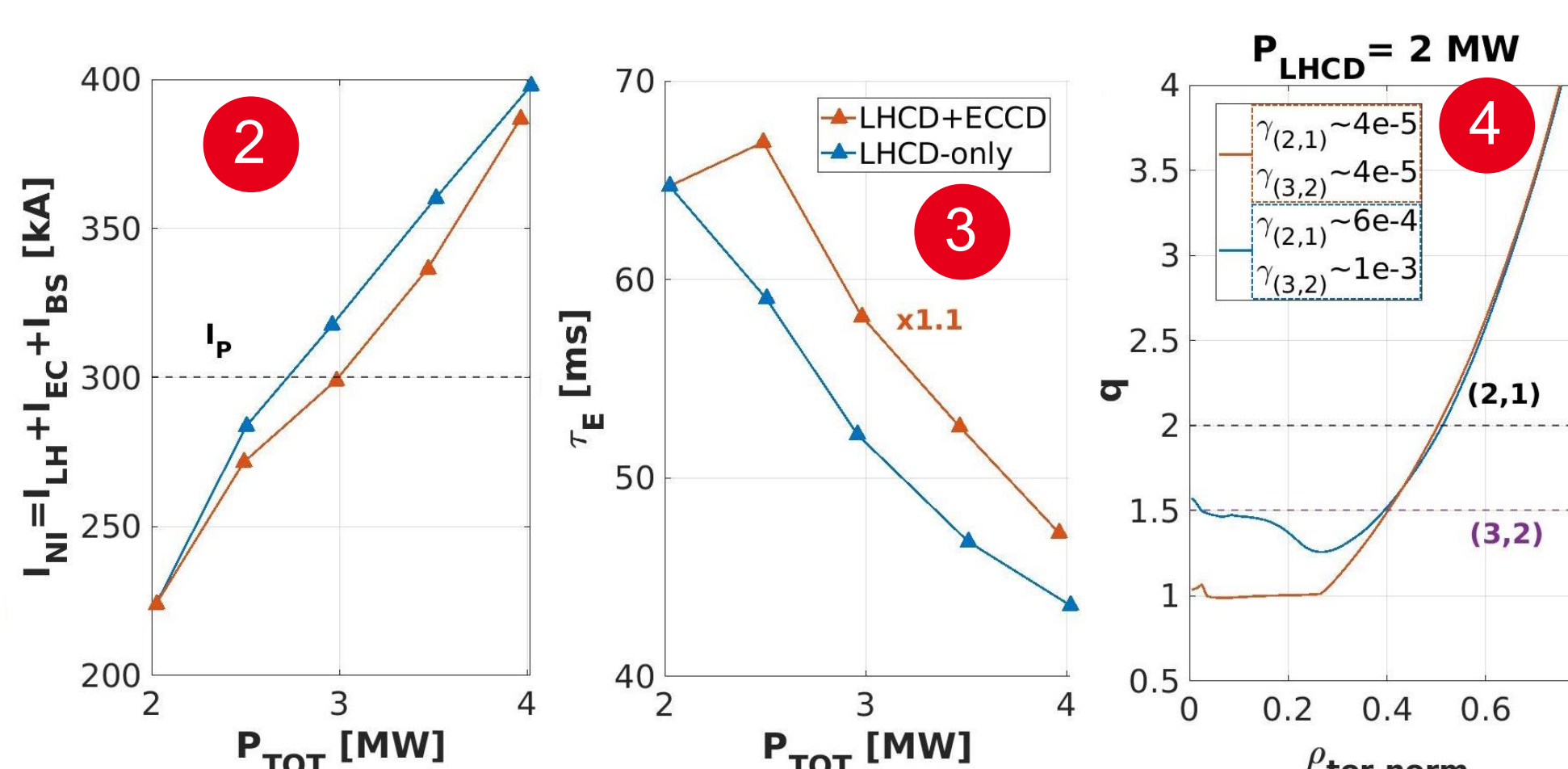
Off-axis ECCD + on-axis ECRH ► **No improvement**



Core increased bootstrap current ► q-profile reorganisation ► lost reduced turbulence ► **path to improved regime requires ECCD optimization**

On-axis ECCD

- Core heat source ► potential **high-density operation**
- Similar non-inductive current** ► $I_{BS} \uparrow$, $\eta_{EC} \propto T_e$
- 10% higher τ_E** even though limited by Sawtooth
- From likely unstable q-reversed configuration to stable monotonous q-profile down to 1



Perspectives

- Commission & exploit ECRH/ECCD.** Optimize LHCD/ECCD power sharing and quantify operational gains toward **higher performance long pulses**.
- Improve model fidelity & robustness.** Couple core & edge, upgrade RF modeling, build reduced models for LH-EC synergy
- Make predict-first the default.** Towards ITER-like machines, **standardize predict-first** so models get **validated**